

Please visit <https://www.evidentlybetter.org/bulletins/suicide-prevention/> to view our webpage featuring key links and emerging reports about suicide prevention.

Studies

[Unraveling Non-Suicidal Self-Injury Functions Through Network Analysis and Revealing Their Triangular Relationship With Psychosocial Factors and Personality Traits](#)

Internal emotion regulation was the central driver among five functions of NSSI. Neuroticism played a key mediating role in the link between psychosocial factors and NSSI functions. Tailored interventions targeting emotion regulation are essential.

[Predictors of Change in Severity of Self-Injurious Behaviors in Preschool-Aged Autistic Children](#)

The present study sought to characterize SIB severity profiles in autistic children and to identify predictors of SIB severity, both concurrently and across time. Using a novel SIB severity grouping approach, we found that 74% of our cohort at T1 (mean age 3 years) exhibited some form of SIB, with 38% having moderate or severe SIBs. Approximately 2–3 years later at T3 (mean age 5.5 years), 67% of children in our sample had some form of SIB, and 33% had moderate or severe SIBs.

[Domestic violence and abuse-related suicide: evidence from six years of Irish coronial data](#)

Overlapping vulnerabilities and risk factors for women who die by DVA-related suicide present challenges for how “domestic violence” is identified and recorded in coronial records. Recommendations for service provision and the coronial system are discussed.

[Scalable prediction of suicidal risk in university students: a three steps machine learning approach in university settings](#)

Using machine learning, we compared three models: one including only contextual and psychosocial variables, one including only psychometric mental health measures, and one combining both. Predictive performance improved progressively across the three models, indicating that while contextual and psychosocial indicators already capture meaningful vulnerability to SBQ-R defined suicide risk, psychometric variables provided a better predictive accuracy. Together, these findings open promising perspectives for prevention strategies based on a stepped screening approach. Easily collectable contextual and psychosocial indicators could serve as a first-line screening tool to identify students potentially at risk, who could then be referred for more comprehensive psychometric assessments.

[The relationship between cyber victimization and suicide attempts of college students: the role of social rejection and family resilience](#)

The findings indicated that social rejection functioned as a partial mediator in the association between cyber victimization and suicide attempts. Specifically, the link between cyber victimization and suicide attempts was partially accounted for by individuals' experiences of social rejection. Notably, family resilience exerted a significant negative moderating effect on the magnitude of this mediational pathway, suggesting that higher levels of family resilience may buffer the positive association between social rejection and suicide attempt risk in the context of cyber victimization.

[Testing the integrated motivational-volitional model of suicidal behaviour among Danish adolescents in clinical psychiatric care: focus on volitional moderators](#)

Results support the IMV model and highlight the role of volitional moderators in differentiating between suicidal ideation and attempts. These findings support a shift towards theory-informed psychosocial assessment in clinical adolescent populations.

[Housing status and emergency mental health outcomes in an inner-city emergency department: retrospective cohort study](#)

Despite greater severity, admission rates among PEH were lower following emergency psychiatric assessment. These findings highlight the need for better understanding of how emergency mental health services respond to the complex needs of this population.

Webinars

[World Suicide Prevention Day – ZSA online events](#)

ZSA are hosting two linked online sessions on Thursday 10 September:

- 10 to 11.30am - Webinar: Building a supportive narrative around suicide
- 1 to 2.30pm - Virtual training: Suicide awareness and supportive conversations

[Sign up for our online Suicide Prevention Knowledge Mobilisation event](#)

Mersey Care are hosting an online Suicide Prevention Knowledge Mobilisation event for Mersey Care staff on 9 October from 10am to 12 noon. The event is a chance to discuss current practice and challenges relating to suicide prevention, explore the latest evidence for best practice and help shape future research priorities.

News

[New online self harm resource hub to support young people](#)

The Beyond Self Harm Professional Resource Hub is now [live](#), designed to help professionals support children and young people who are experiencing (or at risk of) self harm. Created in partnership with mental health and education teams, it provides simple, accessible and actionable guidance that every professional can use.

[Close to Home: an exhibition exploring suicide and bereavement](#)

Are you supporting conversations around suicide prevention and bereavement? Colleagues, lived experience groups and community networks may be interested in this free Liverpool exhibition, which offers space for reflection, connection and conversation. Please share this opportunity with any individuals or groups who may find it valuable.

[Suicide forum linked to 130 deaths still accessible in UK despite ban](#)

An investigation by Metro UK and Ripple Suicide Prevention has found that UK users can still access a harmful suicide forum despite measures intended to block it. The site can be reached within seconds using a VPN, while a mirror site on the dark web continues to make the same content available.

['Disturbing': TikTok faces criticism after Perez Hilton livestreams self-harm](#)

Many online questioned how long the blogger's broadcast remained up on the app and shared mental health resources.